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# Sentence Rearrangement Quiz 1

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Sentence Rearrangement Practice Questions for Bank Exams – Improve Your English Skills” to secure good marks in Prelims or Mains Exam. This section can help you secure 4 -5 marks easily by practicing over Rearrangement Sentences

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## Tricks to Sentence Rearrangement Questions

Here are some effective tricks and tips to solve Sentence

**Rearrangement Questions** in competitive exams like banking, SSC, etc.:

## 1. Look for the Opening Sentence

- The first sentence typically introduces the main subject or topic of the paragraph. It will usually **state the key point** or the **who/what** of the passage.
- Look for **pronouns** or **names** that seem to refer to something specific. This can help identify the first sentence.

## 2. Find Linkers or Connecting Words

- Words like "and," "but," "therefore," "because," "however," and "so" help connect sentences logically.
- Look for these to establish relationships between ideas and determine the order of the sentences.

## 3. Pay Attention to Tense and Consistency

- Make sure the **tenses are consistent**. For example, if a sentence talks about something that **happened in the past**, look for other sentences that use past tense to maintain continuity.
- Sentences about **future** events will likely come after sentences that discuss the present or past.

## 4. Look for Pronouns and References

- **Pronouns** (he, she, it, they, etc.) refer to a noun that should have been mentioned earlier. For example, "He" could refer to someone mentioned in a previous sentence.
- Make sure the noun the pronoun refers to is already introduced, so you can place it correctly.

## 5. Check for Cause and Effect

- Many sentences in rearrangement questions follow a **cause and effect** pattern. One sentence sets up the reason or cause, and the next sentence describes the effect.
- Example: "The tiger was found dead (effect) because it was poisoned (cause)."

## 6. Clue from Ending Sentence

- The **concluding sentence** will usually summarize or wrap up the argument or idea presented in the paragraph.
- Look for statements that **conclude** or **give a final perspective** to the discussion. These often start with words like "finally," "in conclusion," or "thus."

## 7. Identify the Middle Sentences

- Middle sentences usually continue from the opening and support the main idea. They often explain or expand on the introduction.
- These sentences will typically contain more details or elaborate on the idea stated in the first sentence.

## 8. Use Logical Flow of Ideas

- The sentences should follow a **logical flow**. Read the sentences in different orders to identify which one makes sense after another.
- Ask yourself: **What makes the most sense to come next?** Does a sentence provide further details or an example? Does it connect to a previous sentence?

## 9. Identify Context Clues or Keywords

- Look for **contextual clues** in the sentences. Words like **dates**, **locations**, **names**, or **events** help sequence the sentences logically.
- For example, if one sentence mentions **a place** or **an event** and another follows up with **specific details**, it's likely the second sentence will follow the first.

## 10. Eliminate Clearly Incorrect Sequences

- If a sentence introduces a subject that hasn't been mentioned yet, it likely doesn't belong at the beginning.
- Similarly, if a sentence makes a final statement or conclusion about something, it won't be the first or middle sentence.

### Example Practice with Trick:

**Question:**

Rearrange the following sentences to form a coherent paragraph:

- A) India is a land of diversity, with many different cultures, languages, and religions.
- B) This diversity is reflected in the country's festivals, customs, and food.
- C) It is one of the most unique aspects of the nation.
- D) The people of India take pride in their cultural heritage and celebrate this diversity through various means.

**Step-by-Step Trick:****1. Start with the Opening Sentence:**

- Sentence A introduces the topic: India's diversity. So, A comes first.

**2. Find Supporting Sentences:**

- Sentence B elaborates on this diversity, explaining that it is reflected in festivals, food, and customs. This supports sentence A, so B follows A.

**3. Look for Concluding Sentences:**

- Sentence D talks about how Indians celebrate their diversity. It flows naturally after B, so D comes next.

**4. Final Sentence:**

- Sentence C summarizes the idea of diversity being unique, which is a concluding thought, so it comes last.

**Correct Order:** A → B → D → C

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**Recap of Key Tricks:**

- Look for the **opening sentence** (usually introducing the main topic).
- Identify **pronouns** and **references** to connect ideas.
- Pay attention to **cause and effect** relationships.
- Consider **logical flow** and **context clues**.
- Eliminate sentences that don't fit the sequence.

By using these strategies, you'll improve your ability to quickly and

accurately rearrange sentences in exams!

## Practice Sentence Rearrangement Questions set 1

- A) Officials suspect it to be a case of poaching.
- B) The carcass of a tigress was found in Pench Tiger Reserve in Madhya Pradesh's Seoni district.
- C) The tigress died due to electrocution near Jirewada village and Mowgli Sanctuary.
- D) Efforts are being made to arrest unidentified poachers.
- E) The carcass, 24-36 hours old, was found in the Kurai area of the reserve.

1) Which of the following should be the FIRST sentence after the rearrangement?

- (A) (E)
- (B) (C)
- (C) (A)
- (D) (B)
- (E) (D)

2) Which of the following should be the SECOND sentence after the rearrangement?

- (A) (E)
- (B) (C)
- (C) (A)

(D) (B)

(E) (D)

3) Which of the following should be the THIRD sentence after the rearrangement?

(A) (E)

(B) (C)

(C) (A)

(D) (B)

(E) (D)

4) Which of the following should be the FOURTH sentence after the rearrangement?

(A) (E)

(B) (C)

(C) (A)

(D) (B)

(E) (D)

5) Which of the following should be the FIFTH sentence after the rearrangement?

(A) (E)

(B) (C)

(C) (A)

(D) (B)

(E) (D)

## Practice Sentence Rearrangement Questions set 2

Rearrange the following sentences to form a meaningful paragraph.

A) The beneficiaries of the health insurance scheme are receiving free treatment up to ₹5 lakh, Mr. Pathak said, as he directed authorities to ensure maximum coverage for the eligible patients.

B) Uttar Pradesh has achieved the highest number of hospital registrations in the country under the Ayushman Bharat-Pradhan Mantri Jan Arogya Yojana, both at government and private hospitals, Deputy Chief Minister Brajesh Pathak said.

C) Mr. Pathak also highlighted that these efforts would contribute to expanding access to healthcare for the masses.

D) The State boasts a total of 5,834 hospitals operating under the Ayushman Bharat scheme, of which 2,949 are govt.-run and 2,885 are private facilities, the highest in India.

6) Which of the following should be the FIRST sentence after the rearrangement?

(A) (D)

(B) (C)

(C) (A)

(D) (B)

7) Which of the following should be the THIRD sentence after the rearrangement?

(A) (D)



(B) (C)

(C) (A)

(D) (B)

8) Which of the following should be the SECOND sentence after the rearrangement?

(A) (D)

(B) (C)

(C) (A)

(D) (B)

9) Which of the following should be the FOURTH sentence after the rearrangement?

(A) (D)

(B) (C)

(C) (A)

(D) (B)

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## Answer and Explanation to Sentence Rearrangement

For 1 to 5 questions

**Correct Order:**

- B) The carcass of a tigress was found in Pench Tiger Reserve in Madhya Pradesh's Seoni district.
- A) Officials suspect it to be a case of poaching.
- E) The carcass, 24-36 hours old, was found in the Kurai area of the reserve.
- C) The tigress died due to electrocution near Jirewada village and Mowgli Sanctuary.
- D) Efforts are being made to arrest unidentified poachers.

**Explanation:**

1. **B** comes first because it provides the introduction to the incident, stating where the carcass of the tigress was found (Pench Tiger Reserve, Madhya Pradesh).
2. **A** follows, explaining the suspicion raised by the officials regarding the cause of death — that it is likely a case of poaching.
3. **E** comes next, offering additional detail on the state of the carcass, noting that it was found 24 to 36 hours after death and the location where it was discovered (Kurai area).
4. **C** provides an explanation of the tigress's cause of death, stating that electrocution was the likely cause, and mentions the specific location near Jirewada village and Mowgli Sanctuary.
5. **D** follows, providing the ongoing response to the incident, that efforts are being made to arrest the unidentified poachers responsible.

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Answer to Sentence Rearrangement for questions 6 – 9

**Correct Order:**

B) → A) → D) → C)

**Explanation:**

1. **B)** introduces the main topic, stating Uttar Pradesh's achievement in hospital registrations under the Ayushman Bharat scheme. This serves as the opening sentence, providing context and a basis for the rest of the paragraph.

2. **A)** elaborates on the benefits of the health insurance scheme, detailing the free treatment provided and Mr. Pathak's directive to ensure maximum coverage. This logically follows the introduction of the scheme in sentence B.
3. **D)** provides specific data about the hospitals operating under the scheme, giving quantitative details that support the achievement mentioned earlier.
4. **C)** concludes the paragraph by summarizing Mr. Pathak's perspective, emphasizing



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